Begin May 20, 1961

30.24-739

A62WX (NL BIG TWO)

(EDITOR'S NOTE: WHAT IS LIKELY TO COME FROM THE TALKS BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV? HOW WILL THE TWO MEN HIT IT OFF PERSONALLY? IS THERE ANY PROSPECT FOR EASING OF THE COLD WAR DEADLOCK? JOHN M. HIGHTOWER, WHO HAS HELPED COVER ALL THE SUMMIT CONFERENCES SINCE THE END OF WORLD WAR II, PROBES FOR THE ANSWERS IN THE FOLLOWING INTERPRETIVE STORY.)

--DASH--

(600) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BIG TWO 30.24

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 20 (AP)-THE VIENNA MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TWO WEEKS FROM TODAY MAY VERY FELL BE FOLLOWED BY BAD NEWS RATHER THAN GOOD ON MAJOR COLD WAR ISSUES DUE FOR DISCUSSION.

ON PERSONAL RELATIONS THE NEWS FROM VIENNA, JUDGED IN TERMS OF COOLING TEMPERS, MAY TURN OUT TO BE GOOD.

THE PROSPECTS FOR THE DRAMATIC CONFRONTATION OF LEADERS OF THE WORLD'S TWO MOST POWERFUL NATIONS WILL BE SURVEYED HERE NEXT WEEK IN TOP LEVEL DISCUSSIONS EXPECTED TO GIVE FINAL SHAPE TO KENNEDY'S PLANS FOR THE CONFERENCE. SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK FLEW FROM GENEVA TO WASHINGTON TODAY AND WILL PARTICIPATE.

BUT THE ASSESSMENTS AND POLICY DECISION MUST BE BASED ON THE HARD REALITIES OF U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONSHIPS. THESE REALITIES, COMING INTO FOCUS AT THE VIENNA MEETING, STRONGLY INDICATE THE FOLLOWING RESULTS:

1. THE DEADLOCK BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ON ONE HAND AND RUSSIA ON THE OTHER OVER HOW TO SET UP A NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN INSPECTION SYSTEM WILL ALMOST CERTAINLY CONTINUE. HENCE, KENNEDY WILL PROBABLY BE FACED AFTER VIENNA WITH A NEED TO DECIDE WHETHER TO RESUME TESTS THIS SUMMER. PRESENT INDICATIONS ARE THAT HE WILL END THE MORATORIUM. IN THE WORLD AT LARGE THIS WOULD BE CONSIDERED BAD NEWS AND A BLOW TO DISARMAMENT HOPES.

2. THE ONCE-CANCELLED INVITATION FOR A U.S. PRESIDENT TO VISIT THE SOVIET UNION WILL PROBABLY BE REVIVED BY KHRUSHCHEV. PENDING A DEVELOPMENT OF DETAILED PLANS, KENNEDY LIKELY WOULD GIVE TENTATIVE ACCEPTANCE. IN MOST OF THE WORLD THIS EVIDENCE OF EASIER PERSONAL RELATIONS AT THE TOP LEVEL OF EAST-WEST DIPLOMACY WOULD BE ACCLAIMED AS GOOD NEWS.

3. IN THE VIEW OF SOME OF THE BEST INFORMED EXPERTS HERE, THE REAL AND POSITIVE ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE VIENNA CONFERENCE MAY LIE IN TREATING AS "NORMAL" AN INFORMAL PRIVATE TALK BETWEEN THE U.S. AND SOVIET LEADERS AND IN OPENING THE WAY FOR FUTURE SUCH DISCUSSIONS.

CONNECTED WITH THIS IDEA IS THAT IN FACE-TO-FACE DISCUSSION KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV MAY BE ABLE TO GET ACROSS TO EACH OTHER IMPRESSIONS ABOUT THEIR PERSONAL INTENTIONS WHICH COULD NOT BE CONVINCINGLY COMMUNICATED IN ANY OTHER WAY.

FOR EXAMPLE, KENNEDY WOULD LIKE KHRUSHCHEV TO KNOW THAT EVEN THOUGH HE IS NEW IN THE PRESIDENCY AND WANTS BETTER EAST-WEST RELATIONS, HE IS NOT PREPARED TO YIELD ON PRINCIPLE AND HE IS DETERMINED TO DO WHATEVER MAY BE NECESSARY TO BLOCK FURTHER COMMUNIST CONQUEST.

BASIC TO U.S. GOVERNMENT THINKING NOW ABOUT THE SOVIET APPROACH TO VIENNA IS GREAT CONCERN OVER RUSSIA'S NEW FORMULA FOR SETTING UP INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS. THIS IS USUALLY DESCRIBED AS THE "TROIKA" OR "THREE-HEADED MONSTER" FORMULA. "TROIKA" IS THE RUSSIAN WORD FOR "THREE".

THE SOVIETS HAVE INTRODUCED THE "TROIKA" PLAN INTO NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA FOR A NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN. THEY WANT THE INSPECTION SYSTEM TO BE OPERATED BY A BOARD OF THREE MEN--ONE COMMUNIST, ONE NEUTRAL AND ONE WESTERN MAN--EACH OF WHOM WOULD HAVE A VETO OVER ANYTHING THE OTHERS AGREED ON.

THIS FORMULA WAS FIRST INTRODUCED IN THE UNITED NATIONS LAST FALL AFTER THE SOVIETS BECAME ANNOYED WITH SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD OVER THE CONGO. KHRUSHCHEV PROPOSED TO FIRE HAMMARSKJOLD AND SET UP A THREE-MAN DIRECTORATE IN HIS PLACE. THE SAME FORMULA HAS BEEN USED ON OTHER OCCASIONS.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN SAY THAT IF THE SOVIETS INSIST ON VETO RIGHTS OVER NUCLEAR TEST BAN INSPECTION MACHINE THE GENEVA CONFERENCE IS DOOMED. KENNEDY UNDOUBTEDLY WILL APPEAL TO KHRUSHCHEV TO ABANDON HIS INSISTENCE ON THE THREE-MAN DIRECTORATE, BUT APPARENTLY NO ONE IN HIGH POSITION HERE REALLY THINKS KHRUSHCHEV WILL.

THEREFORE, BARRING A MIRACLE, THE DEADLOCK IN THE GENEVA MEETING SEEMS DESTINED TO CONTINUE.

DESPITE DEADLOCKS ON SUCH ISSUES OF POLICY, OFFICIALS HERE BELIEVE KHRUSHCHEV DOES WANT TO MAINTAIN REASONABLY GOOD RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES WHERE POSSIBLE.

HENCE IT IS CONSIDERED ENTIRELY LOGICAL THAT WHILE BEING TOUGH ON POLICY PROBLEMS KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT EXTEND AN INVITATION TO KENNEDY TO VISIT THE SOVIET UNION.

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA, THE SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID IN A STATEMENT HE IS CERTAIN THAT MEMBERS OF BOTH PARTIES WILL SUPPORT KENNEDY IN HIS MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

"I COMMENT THE REPUBLICANS IN AND OUT OF THE CONGRESS FOR THEIR SUPPORT OF THIS MEETING EVEN THOUGH SOME OF THEM HAVE GRAVE RESERVATIONS," HE SAID. "THEY REALIZE THAT WHAT IS AT STAKE IS OUR SECURITY AND WELFARE AND THEY HAVE RISEN NOBLY TO THE PRESIDENT'S SUPPORT.

"I BELIEVE FORMER VICE PRESIDENT (RICHARD M.) NIXON HAS SHOWN HIS UNPARTISANSHIP IN HIS ADVOCACY OF SUCH A MEETING AND HIS SUPPORT FOR IT, ONCE THE DECISION WAS MADE. I AM SURE ALL AMERICANS OF BOTH OUR GREAT PARTIES WILL RALLY BEHIND THE PRESIDENT AND GIVE HIM THEIR FAITH AND BACKING ON THE VOYAGE HE WILL UNDERTAKE.

"THE TIMES CALL FOR SOLIDARITY AND UNDERSTANDING. I HAVE NO DOUBT THAT OUR PEOPLE ARE AWARE OF THE DANGEROUSLY SERIOUS SITUATION IN WHICH THE WORLD FINDS ITSELF TODAY."

JK904PED

A32WX

(700) PMS BUDGET

BIG TWO (INTERPRETIVE)

(EDITOR'S NOTE: CAN A MEETING OF THE HEADS OF THE TWO MOST POWERFUL NATIONS IN THE WORLD BE HELD IN A CALM SETTING? JOHN M. HIGHTOWER, PULITZER PRIZE WINNING DIPLOMATIC WRITER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, DETECTS EFFORTS TO GIVE SUMMIT CONFERENCES A NEWLY INFORMAL TONE. IF THE EFFORTS ARE EFFECTIVE IN THE KENNEDY-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING THIS JUNE, FURTHER SUCH TALKS SEEM IN THE OFFING.)

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MAY 20 (AP)-PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S MEETING WITH PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV AT VIENNA NEXT MONTH MAY BE THE FIRST OF A SERIES OF U.S.-SOVIET SUMMIT LEVEL TALKS EXTENDING OVER THE YEARS OF THE KENNEDY

ADMINISTRATION.

HOW THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TWO MEN DEVELOPS WILL DEPEND GREATLY ON THE IMPRESSIONS THEY MAKE UPON EACH OTHER IN THEIR CONFERENCE IN THE AUSTRIAN CAPITAL, JUNE 3 AND 4. BUT IT IS ALREADY APPARENT THAT KENNEDY'S WHOLE APPROACH TO TALKING WITH KHRUSHCHEV IS QUITE DIFFERENT FROM THAT WHICH HAS PREVAILED IN OTHER U.S. ADMINISTRATIONS SINCE WORLD WAR II.

THE CENTRAL ELEMENT IN KENNEDY'S ATTITUDE APPEARS TO E A CONVICTION THAT TOP LEVEL TALKS WITH THE LEADER OF THE COMMUNIST BLOC ARE DESIRABLE AND MAY BE USEFUL IN EASING EAST-WEST TENSIONS PROVIDED THE ATMOSPHERE IN WHICH THEY ARE HELD IS REASONABLY FAVORABLE TO CALM DISCUSSION OF OUTSTANDING WORLD ISSUES. SOME ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS NOW SAY THAT SUCH MEETINGS SHOULD BE REGARDED AS NORMAL AND SHOULD BE CONSIDERED WORTHWHILE EVEN IF THEY FAIL TO PRODUCE SPECTACULAR POSITIVE RESULTS.

ALREADY THERE IS SPECULATION IN DIPLOMATIC QUARTERS THAT IF THE VIENNA DISCUSSIONS GO SMOOTHLY KHRUSHCHEV MAY INVITE KENNEDY TO VISIT THE SOVIET UNION. THE CENTER OF THIS SPECULATION IS GENEVA WHERE SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK MET YESTERDAY WITH SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO.

THE TWO FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKED OVER PLANS FOR THE VIENNA MEETING AS WELL AS THE PROBLEM OF LAOS, WHICH IS THE SUBJECT OF A 14-NATION CONFERENCE AT GENEVA. THE SUBSTANCE OF THEIR EXCHANGE WAS NOT DISCLOSED BUT PRESS DISPATCHES QUOTED DIPLOMATIC SOURCES AT GENEVA AS POINTING OUT THAT KHRUSHCHEV VISITED THE UNITED STATES IN SEPTEMBER 1959 AND OWES AN INVITATION TO AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT TO VISIT RUSSIA.

DURING MOST OF THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION THE PRESIDENT AND THE LATE SECRETARY OF STATE, JOHN FOSTER DULLES, RESISTED SUMMIT CONFERENCES PRESSURES ON THE GROUND THERE MUST FIRST BE ASSURANCE OF POSITIVE AGREEMENT LEST FAILURE TO REACH AGREEMENT AT THE SUMMIT SHOULD INCREASE EAST-WEST TENSION.

PRIOR TO THE EISENHOWER YEARS PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN HAD MET WITH DICTATOR JOSEPH STALIN AT BERLIN AT THE END OF THE WAR IN EUROPE BUT DURING THE REST OF THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION THERE WAS NO ENTHUSIASM IN WASHINGTON FOR FURTHER SUMMIT SESSIONS.

FORMER PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER MODIFIED HIS OWN POSITION AND THE POLICIES WHICH HE AND DULLES HAD WORKED OUT TOWARD A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN THE SUMMER OF 1959 IN PART AT LEAST AS A RESULT OF KHRUSHCHEV'S THREATS AND PRESSURES TO CHANGE THE STATUS OF WEST BERLIN. HAVING MET THE SOVIET PREMIER IN THE 1955 SUMMIT CONFERENCE AT GENEVA, EISENHOWER INVITED HIM TO VISIT THE UNITED STATES. THE TWO MEN CONFERRED AT CAMP DAVID, MD., WITH THE RESULT THAT KHRUSHCHEV SHELVED FOR THE TIME BEING HIS THREATS AGAINST BERLIN. EISENHOWER AGREED TO A FORMAL SUMMIT CONFERENCE AT PARIS.

THE PARIS SUMMIT A YEAR AGO THIS MONTH COLLAPSED AT THE OUTSET WHEN KHRUSHCHEV TURNED A TORRENT OF ABUSE AGAINST EISENHOWER AND BRANDED HIM A FALSE FRIEND BECAUSE OF THE U2 SPY PLANE INCIDENT TWO WEEKS EARLIER.

THE PARIS FIASCO USHERED IN A PERIOD OF INTENSE BITTERNESS IN U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS, BUT KHRUSHCHEV WAS CAREFUL TO SPECIFY THAT HIS ANGER WAS DIRECTED MAINLY AGAINST EISENHOWER AS PRESIDENT AND THAT HE WOULD NOT CARRY IT OVER IN HIS DEALINGS WITH EISENHOWER'S SUCCESSOR. HE CANCELED HIS INVITATION TO EISENHOWER TO VISIT RUSSIA BUT SPOKE OF INVITING THE NEXT U.S. PRESIDENT.

WHEN KENNEDY WAS ELECTED, KHRUSHCHEV SWITCHED TACTICS IN HIS DEALINGS WITH THE NEW AMERICAN LEADER EVEN THOUGH CONFLICTS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES OVER SUCH ISSUES AS LAOS, CUBA AND THE UNITED NATIONS CONTINUED. DIPLOMATS SAID AT THE TIME THAT KHRUSHCHEV CLEARLY WAS OPENING THE WAY FOR A MEETING WITH KENNEDY, IF KENNEDY WERE WILLING.

THE EXCHANGES WHICH LED TO YESTERDAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE TWO MEN WOULD MEET ACTUALLY BEGAN LAST FEBRUARY, A MONTH AFTER KENNEDY'S INAUGURATION. U.S. AMBASSADOR LLEWELLYN THOMPSON WAS SUMMONED FROM MOSCOW FOR CONSULTATION AND WHEN HE LEFT WASHINGTON FEB. 22 TO RETURN TO HIS POST HE BORE A MESSAGE FROM KENNEDY EXPRESSING WILLINGNESS TO MEET, IF CONDITIONS WERE FAVORABLE, THIS SPRING OR FALL.

ACCORDING TO INFORMATION FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES, KENNEDY ATTACHED NO SPECIFIC POLITICAL CONDITIONS TO HIS WILLINGNESS TO MEET.

OFFICIALS DID EMPHASIZE THAT KENNEDY CONCEIVES OF THE FORTHCOMING TALK WITH KHRUSHCHEV AS A COMPLETELY PRIVATE AND INFORMAL AIRING OF U.S. SOVIET RELATIONS AND THE PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN THEM BUT NOT AS A NEGOTIATION. PRESUMABLY BEFORE GOING INTO A FORMAL BIG FOUR SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITH OTHER LEADERS SUCH AS BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE, KENNEDY WOULD WANT CAREFUL ADVANCE PREPARATION AND SOME EVIDENCE THAT THE CONFERENCE MIGHT PRODUCE CONSTRUCTIVE AGREEMENTS.

FOLLOWING KENNEDY'S INITIAL EXPRESSION OF WILLINGNESS TO MEET KHRUSHCHEV THERE WERE NO CONCRETE DEVELOPMENTS FOR SEVERAL WEEKS, EXCEPT THAT THOMPSON REPORTED TO THE PRESIDENT THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S REACTION TO A GET-TOGETHER LATER THIS YEAR WAS FAVORABLE.

MEANWHILE, IN MARCH AND APRIL, THE U.S.-SOVIET CONFLICTS OVER LAOS AND CUBA WERE INTENSIFIED AND PRODUCED A STATE OF BAD RELATIONS WHICH CLEARLY DID NOT MEET KENNEDY'S GENERAL REQUIREMENT FOR A SUITABLE ATMOSPHERE.

THEN, EARLY THIS MONTH IN CONTACTS WITH THE U.S. EMBASSY MAY 3-4, THE SOVIET FOREIGN OFFICE INQUIRED WHETHER KENNEDY WAS STILL INTERESTED IN ARRANGING A MEETING AND GAVE SOME INDICATION THAT KHRUSHCHEV THOUGHT THE TIME HAD COME TO SET ONE UP. THE PATH FOR AGREEMENT UNDOUBTEDLY WAS CLEARED BY THE EASING OF THE CUBAN CRISIS FOLLOWING THE FAILURE OF THE APRIL 17 REBEL INVASION AND BY SOVIET AGREEMENT TO A CEASE-FIRE IN LAOS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT RESPONDED TO THE SOVIET FOREIGN OFFICE INQUIRY WITH WORD THAT THE PRESIDENT WOULD LET KHRUSHCHEV KNOW BY MAY 20 WHETHER HE WAS READY FOR A TALK. IT WAS NOTED THAT KENNEDY WOULD BE IN EUROPE FOR HIS MAY 31-JUNE 2 CONFERENCE WITH DE GAULLE.

IT NOW APPEARS THAT THE PRESIDENT AND RUSK ALSO WANTED TO SEE WHETHER KHRUSHCHEV WOULD USE HIS INFLUENCE TO PROMOTE AN END TO THE FIGHTING IN LAOS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT THEN SOUNDED OUT U.S. ALLIES ON THEIR REACTION TO AN INFORMAL SESSION BETWEEN KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV AND OFFICIALS SAID THE REACTION WAS FAVORABLE. APPARENTLY THERE WERE ALSO SOME FURTHER EXCHANGES BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW.

LAST TUESDAY SOVIET AMBASSADOR MIKHAIL MENSHIKOV CALLED ON KENNEDY AT THE WHITE HOUSE AND DELIVERED A LETTER EXPRESSING KHRUSHCHEV'S WILLINGNESS TO MEET WITH KENNEDY FOLLOWING HIS TRIP TO PARIS. ON WEDNESDAY KENNEDY REPLIED WITH A CONFIRMATION THAT HE WOULD BE IN VIENNA ON JUNE 3 FOR THE MEETING.

RZ&JC8AED

A137

NIGHT LEAD SUMMIT REACTION (500)

LONDON, MAY 20 (AP)-THE BRITISH PRESS TODAY VIEWED THE COMING VIENNA MEETING BETWEEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WITH A MIXTURE OF HOPES AND MISGIVINGS AT THE OMISSION OF PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN FROM THE TALKS.

AT LEAST ONE NEWSPAPER FLATLY PREDICTED KHRUSHCHEV WILL GO INTO THE JUNE 3-4 MEETING WITH AN ALL-OUT PLAN TO END THE COLD WAR.

QUOTING IRON CURTAIN DIPLOMATS, THE LONDON SUNDAY DISPATCH SAID IT EXPECTED THE SOVIET LEADER TO MAKE MAJOR PROPOSALS FOR THE FUTURE OF BERLIN AND THE SETTLEMENT OF THE GERMAN PROBLEM GENERALLY.

THE PAPER EXPRESSED THE VIEW THAT KHRUSHCHEV WAS FINALLY CONVINCED NEITHER EAST NOR WEST COULD TODAY SUBDUE THE OTHER SIDE AND HE WOULD THEREFORE PROPOSE THAT ARMS AND ARMED FORCES SHOULD BE SLASHED TO THE MINIMUM--PARTICULARLY IN THE COSTLY FIELD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

"EVERYTHING WILL DEPEND," SAID THE DISPATCH, "ON THE PERSONAL IMPRESSION EACH MAKES ON THE OTHER IN VIENNA. IF THE TWO K.'S

GET ON WELL TOGETHER, THE PLAN WILL BE SUBMITTED TO OTHER COUNTRIES CONCERNED.

THE INFLUENTIAL LONDON OBSERVER SAID: "IT IS A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH FOR ALL OF US THAT THE TWO MOST POWERFUL MEN IN THE WORLD SHOULD COME TO POSITIVE UNDERSTANDING, EVEN IF ONLY ON HOW TO PROLONG THE AVOIDANCE OF NUCLEAR CATASTROPHE."

THE LEFT-WING REYNOLDS NEWS TOOK THE VIEW THAT A DIRECT MEETING BETWEEN KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV WAS A SLAP IN THE FACE FOR BRITAIN'S PRIME MINISTER.

"MR. MACMILLAN WAS CAUGHT BADLY OFF BALANCE BY THE NEWS....," THE NEWSPAPER DECLARED. "LONG AFTER THIS TWO-MAN SUMMIT MEETING WAS ACKNOWLEDGED AS DEFINITE IN OTHER WESTERN CAPITALS, WHITEHALL WAS DISMISSING IT AS A 'MERE RUMOR'.

"WHY? BECAUSE MR. MACMILLAN WAS TRYING AT THE LAST MOMENT TO GET INTO THE ACT," THE NEWS SAID.

IN MOSCOW, THE MEETING WAS SEEN IN TERMS OF THE SALVATION OF MANKIND. ONE MOSCOW RADIO COMMENTATOR DESCRIBED IT AS "A GREAT AND VERY IMPORTANT EVENT." ANOTHER SAID WORLD PEACE HINGED ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS.

THE LONDON SUNDAY TIMES NOTED WHAT IT SAID WERE RESERVATIONS IN WASHINGTON ABOUT THE MEETING.

IT SAID THE CAPITAL HAD BEEN JOLTED BY THE NEWS AND ADDED: "AMERICANS ARE ALWAYS WORRIED THAT THEIR LEADERS WILL LOSE THEIR SHIRTS IN ENCOUNTERS WITH FOREIGN STATESMEN."

IN AUSTRIA, THE INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER KURIER SAID "A SPIRIT OF VIENNA" MIGHT RESULT FROM THE MEETING THAT COULD LEAD TO A LESSENING OF WORLD TENSIONS.

AUSTRIANS LIKE TO CREDIT THE "SPIRIT OF VIENNA" WITH BRINGING ABOUT THE 1955 AGREEMENT OF THE BIG FOUR--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, RUSSIA AND FRANCE--ON THE AUSTRIAN INDEPENDENCE TREATY THAT GAVE THE COUNTRY MILITARY NEUTRALITY.

THE KURIER SAID KHRUSHCHEV AND KENNEDY MIGHT DISCUSS A SOLUTION FOR LAOS PATTERNED AFTER THE AUSTRIAN TREATY.

IN GERMANY, THE INFLUENTIAL HAMBURG NEWSPAPER DIE WELT SAID: "IT CERTAINLY SAYS SOMETHING ABOUT THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT'S COURAGE IN THAT HE SEES THE DANGER LYING AHEAD FOR HE CERTAINLY KNOWS THAT IN THESE CONVERSATIONS HE IS GAMBLING WITH HIGH STAKES."

RS924PED

A101

NIGHT LEAD JOHNSON (340)

BY HENRY BRADSHER

KARACHI, PAKISTAN, MAY 20 (AP)-AT THE END OF HIS ASIAN TOUR, VICE PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON SAID TODAY HE WILL TAKE BACK TO PRESIDENT KENNEDY "A MESSAGE OF CONFIDENCE THAT THE INTEGRITY OF FREEDOM IN THIS REGION CAN BE AND WILL BE PRESERVED."

JOHNSON MADE THIS STATEMENT AFTER TALKS WITH AMERICA'S STAUNCHEST ALLY IN SOUTH ASIA AND THE ONE MOST CONCERNED WITH THE DANGERS OF NEUTRALISM, PAKISTAN'S PRESIDENT MOHAMMAD AYUB KHAN.

THE TALKS ON ECONOMIC AND MILITARY STRENGTH CAME BETWEEN POLITICAL CAMPAIGN-TYPE HANDSHAKING ON THE STREETS BY JOHNSON AFTER HE FLEW INTO THIS ARABIAN SEA PORT FROM NEW DELHI, INDIA. WITH POLITICAL ACTIVITY BANNED SINCE FIELD MARSHAL AYUB KHAN TOOK OVER THE COUNTRY IN 1958, JOHNSON GAVE THE PEOPLE A RARE TASTE OF POLITICKING.

AS HE DROVE AWAY FROM THE AIRPORT IN A FIERCE SUN, JOHNSON RIPPED OFF HIS COAT AND TIE AND STOOD IN THE CAR WAVING TO A SCATTERING OF PEOPLE. THE GOVERNMENT MADE NO EFFORT TO TURN OUT THE CROWDS IN THIS CITY WHICH GREETED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WITH MORE THAN ONE MILLION PERSONS IN DECEMBER, 1959.

JOHNSON REPEATED EARLIER PERFORMANCES BY STOPPING THE CAR REPEATEDLY TO TELL PEOPLE OF AMERICA'S INTEREST IN THEIR ECONOMIC ADVANCEMENT AND TO SHAKE HANDS.

PEOPLE ALONG THE STREETS RESPONDED WITH ENTHUSIASM. BUT THERE

30.24-741

WAS AN UNDERTONE HERE OF DISSATISFACTION WITH AMERICAN POLICY.

IN A CIVIC RECEPTION SPEECH, H.M. HABIBULLAH, VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE KARACHI MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, POLITELY TOOK AMERICA TO TASK ON A PAKISTANI COMPLAINT THAT AS A FAITHFUL ALLY, IT WAS OFTEN IGNORED WHILE THE UNITED STATES PLACATES NEUTRAL INDIA.

"WE BELIEVE LOYALTY AND READINESS TO MAKE SACRIFICES ARE THE ESSENTIAL ATTRIBUTES OF FRIENDSHIP, HABIBULLAH SAID.

"THAT IS WHY WE HAVE SOMETIMES BEEN SOMEWHAT BEWILDERED TO FIND THAT OUR FRIENDS HAVE FAILED TO MAKE THAT DISTINCTION WE EXPECTED OF THEM BETWEEN SINCERE FRIENDSHIP AND POLITICAL OPPORTUNISM."

JOHNSON STRESSED THAT COMMUNISM HAS ACTED AS A SCAVENGER IN ASIA "THRIVING ON THE FAILURES AND NEGLIGENCE OF OTHER SYSTEMS. WHERE GOVERNMENTS ARE HONEST, WHERE THE PURPOSES IS SINCERE, WHERE PEOPLE ARE PROPERLY FED, PROPERLY SCHOOLED AND PROPERLY TREATED FOR THEIR ILLNESS, WHERE HUMAN RIGHTS ARE PROPERLY HONORED--COMMUNISM HAS NO ALLIES FOR ITS SUBVERSION OR AGGRESSION."

THIS WAS THE BROADEST REFERENCE JOHNSON HAS MADE ON CHARGES OF GRAFT AND CORRUPTION WHICH SOMETIMES HAVE BEEN HURLED AT REGIMES THE UNITED STATES SUPPORTS.

RS725PED

A87

NIGHT LEAD DE GAULLE-ADENAUER (350)

BY JOHN O. KOEHLER

BONN, GERMANY, MAY 20 (AP)-PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE AND CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER HELD A 3 1/2-HOUR MEETING TODAY IN WHICH THEY WERE REPORTED TO HAVE MOVED CLOSER TOGETHER ON QUESTIONS INVOLVING THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE AND THE COMMON MARKET.

RELIABLE SOURCES SAID THE TWO LEADERS AGREED THERE SHOULD BE GREATER POLITICAL COOPERATION AMONG THE SIX NATIONS MAKING UP THE COMMON MARKET TO GIVE THEM MORE STRENGTH WITHIN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO).

THE INFORMANTS DID NOT INDICATE WHETHER THIS MIGHT MEAN FORMATION OF A BLOC WITHIN NATO, A MOVE LONG FAVORED BY DE GAULLE.

THE FRENCH PRESIDENT RETURNED TO PARIS TONIGHT AFTER HIS ONE-DAY VISIT. HE AND ADENAUER CALLED THEIR LATEST MEETING WORTHWHILE FOR THEIR OWN COUNTRIES AND THE FUTURE OF EUROPE.

THERE WAS NO COMMUNIQUE BUT THE ATMOSPHERE OF THE SESSION OBVIOUSLY WAS FRIENDLY

WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO SAID THE TALKS SERVED TO FURTHER THE CONCEPT OF A UNITED EUROPE.

"THE CLIMATE IN WHICH THE TALKS TOOK PLACE COULD NOT HAVE BEEN BETTER OR MORE FRANK," BRENTANO SAID. "THEY BOTH SPOKE THE SAME LANGUAGE."

DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER KARL CARSTENS TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THE TWO LEADERS AGREED THAT NATO MUST BE STRENGTHENED BUT DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER THE DISCUSSION TOUCHED ON NUCLEAR ARMAMENT OF NATO AND ITS CONTROL.

CARSTENS SAID ADENAUER TOLD DE GAULLE HE BECAME CONVINCED AFTER HIS RECENT MEETING WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY THAT THE UNITED STATES VIEWS THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE AS THE FOUNDATION OF ITS FOREIGN POLICY.

INFORMANTS SAID THE CHANCELLOR HAS BECOME MORE FLEXIBLE IN HIS ATTITUDE TOWARD DE GAULLE'S IDEA OF MAKING WESTERN EUROPE A "THIRD FORCE" BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION. ADENAUER REJECTED THE IDEA WHEN DE GAULLE PROPOSED IT A YEAR AGO.

BONN OFFICIALS EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE TALKS COULD LEAD TO A FORMULA FOR STARTING PERIODIC POLITICAL CONSULTATIONS AMONG THE COMMON MARKET NATIONS--FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, HOLLAND, BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG.

THE DUTCH HAVE INSISTED THAT NATO QUESTIONS SHOULD NOT BE DISCUSSED WITHIN THE COMMON MARKET UNLESS BRITAIN IS BROUGHT INTO THE TALKS. THE DUTCH FEAR THAT IF THIS IS NOT DONE, IT WOULD CREATE A BLOC WITHIN NATO DOMINATED BY FRANCE. BRITAIN IS NOT A COMMON MARKET MEMBER.

THIS WAS ONE REASON WHY A "LITTLE SUMMIT" MEETING OF THE HEADS FROM COMMON MARKET COUNTRIES, ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED TO BE HELD HERE TODAY, WAS POSTPONED. INFORMANTS SAID ADENAUER NOW IS READY TO AGREE ON DISCUSSIONS OF NATO MATTERS IN COMMON MARKET POLITICAL CONSULTATIONS.

RS637PED

B79CX (Q)

(ADVANCE FOR 7:30 P.M. EST TODAY) (250)

(ADVANCE)..CHICAGO, MAY 20 (AP)-CLEMENT R. ~~ATLEE~~ Attlee, FORMER BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, SAID TONIGHT THE WORLD'S ONLY HOPE FOR SURVIVAL IS ESTABLISHMENT OF WORLD LAW, SUPPORTED BY AN INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCE.

"TO OBTAIN OUR OWN FREEDOM AND SAFETY TODAY," THE 78-YEAR-OLD LABOR PARTY LEADER SAID, "WE ALL MUST RELINQUISH SOME NATIONAL FREEDOM TO THE WORLD COMMUNITY AS A WHOLE."

~~ATLEE,~~ NOW AN EARL AND MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS, ADDRESSED A SESSION OF THE UNITED WORLD FEDERALISTS IN CHICAGO. HE SAID THE WORLD MUST CHOOSE BETWEEN WORLD GOVERNMENT AND THE PROBABLE DESTRUCTION OF CIVILIZATION. Attlee

"NATIONAL SECURITY CAN NO LONGER BE WON BY ONE'S OWN ARMS," HE SAID. "YEAR BY YEAR THE POWER OF MASS DESTRUCTION FALLS INTO LESS AND LESS RESPONSIBLE HANDS.

"IT IS BUT A MATTER OF TIME UNTIL SOME TRIGGER-HAPPY PERSON WILL BLOW THE WORLD TO BITS."

ATLEE RECALLED THAT LONDONERS OBJECTED TO THE CITY'S FIRST POLICE DEPARTMENT, VOICING ANNOYANCE AT THE IDE OF PLACING THEIR SAFETY IN THE HANDS OF POLICEMEN. HE SAID NATIONS OFFER SIMILAR OBJECTIONS NOW.

"WHEN TOLD OF THE NEED FOR AN INTERNATIONAL POLICE FORCE," HE SAID, "THE ENGLISHMAN SAYS, 'ARE WE TO BE PUSHED AROUND BY FOREIGNERS?'", THE AMERICAN SAYS, 'WE WON'T BE TOLD WHAT TO DO BY THE CHINESE AND RUSSIAN COMMUNISTS,' AND THE RUSSIANS SAY, 'WE CAN'T BE ORDERED ABOUT BY THESE CAPITALISTS'."

ATTLEE SPOKE AT AN EVENING SESSION OF THE FEDERALISTS, AT WHICH PAUL W. WALTER, A CLEVELAND LAWYER, WAS INSTALLED AS PRESIDENT.

WALTER, A REPUBLICAN AND SUPPORTER OF THE LATE SEN. ROBERT A TAFT OF OHIO, SEES NOTHING UNUSUAL ABOUT HIS SUPPORT OF THE LIBERAL UNITED WORLD FEDERALISTS.

"TAFT WAS ALWAYS A STRONG SUPPORTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS," HE TOLD NEWSMEN.

FR/WM652PCD

(400) ADVANCE FOR 5:30PM EST TODAY

AMS BUDGET

MORTON

B26wx

1961

(ADVANCE) JAMESTOWN, N.Y., MAY 20 (AP)-REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CHAIRMAN THRUSTON B. MORTON SAID TONIGHT THE TIME FOR POST MORTEMS ABOUT CUBA AND LAOS IS PAST AND THE TIME FOR DECISIVE AND SOUND ACTION IS HERE.

MORTON, A KENTUCKY SENATOR, CALLED ON PRESIDENT KENNEDY TO ASSERT STRONG LEADERSHIP TO HALT SOVIET AND RED CHINESE IMPERIALISM.

IN A BLUNT DISCUSSION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS PREPARED FOR A GOP DINNER, MORTON SAID REPUBLICANS ARE WILLING TO SUPPORT ANY SENSIBLE POLICIES AND ADDED:

"I DO NOT ASK THIS QUESTION IN MALICE, BUT IN DESPAIR--WHAT IS OUR POLICY TODAY? WHAT ARE WE TO SUPPORT?...

"THE TIME FOR WORDS IS PAST. THE TIME FOR DECISIVENESS. STRENGTH AND SOUND STANDS AND MOVES HAS COME. IF YOU HAVE THE ANSWERS, LET US KNOW THEM. IF YOU DON'T, LISTEN TO OUR SUGGESTIONS.

"THIS IS A GREAT NATION FACING DISASTER. THE DISASTER CAN COME QUICKLY IF EFFECTIVE STEPS ARE NOT TAKEN TO CHECK THE TIDE. LET US ASSERT LEADERSHIP AT THIS MOMENT....GIVE US A LEAD OF COURAGE, VANDOR AND DETERMINATION AND WE WILL FOLLOW."

MORTON SAID THREE OF THE FOUR CONTROL POINTS ON THE SHORT ROUTES BETWEEN THE EAST AND WEST ARE THREATENED IF NOT LOST. HE MENTIONED THE SUEZ CANAL, THE PANAMA CANAL AND THE STRAITS OF MALACCA BETWEEN THE INDIAN OCEAN AND THE SOUTH CHINA SEA.

"NASSER AND COMPANY, NOT OUR ALLIES, HOLD THE SUEZ CANAL," HE SAID. "FOR THE FIRST TIME IN OUR HISTORY, A EUROPEAN OPPONENT, BASED ON CUBA, CONTROLS THE APPROACHES TO THE PANAMA CANAL. FINALLY, WHAT AMOUNTS TO THE SURRENDER OF LAOS...PLACES THE STRAITS OF MALACCA UNDER DIRECT THREAT.

"ONLY GIBRALTAR REMAINS IN THE HANDS OF OUR FRIENDS, AND A CURRENT ATTEMPT IS BEING MADE TO ISOLATE IT BY ESTABLISHING AN UNFRIENDLY GOVERNMENT IN PORTUGAL."

"EVEN MORE IMPORTANT," MORTON CONTINUED, "WE LOST STANDING. WE HAVE LOST RESPECT. IN THE WORDS OF THE ORIENT, WE HAVE LOST FACE. WHO HAS THE INITIATIVE TODAY? I DO NOT EVEN HAVE TO ANSWER THAT."

MORTON CALLED FOR "AN AMERICAN, A FREE WORLD," STAND TO CHECK A COURSE OF EVENTS HE SAID IS NOW RUNNING AGAINST THE UNITED STATES. HE SAID THIS COURSE MUST BE HALTED AND REVERSED.

AS FOR CUBA AND LATIN AMERICA, MORTON SAID:

"WE CANNOT AFFORD, EITHER FROM DECENCY OR FOR THE SAKE OF OUR OWN SECURITY, TO LET OUR IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORS BE SUBORNED, INTIMIDATED AND THREATENED BY A MOSCOW-RUN REGIME RIGHT OFF OUR COAST.

"I HAVE OFFERED A LEGAL MANNER IN WHICH WE CAN DEAL WITH HITS. WE CAN INVOKE THE RIO DE JANEIRO AND RELATED PACTS WHICH ASSUME TO TAKE THE PLACE OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE. IF OTHER NATIONS OF THIS HEMISPHERE ARE NOT WILLING TO EXECUTE THEIR OBLIGATIONS UNDER THESE INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS, WE CAN CARRY THESE OBLIGATIONS OUT LEGALLY OURSELVES OR WITH WHATEVER AMERICAN NATIONS DECIDE TO STAND WITH US.

"LET US NOT FORGET THERE ARE SOVIET TANKS AND ARMS, AS WELL AS RED CHINESE MILITARY ADVISERS, 90 MILES FROM OUR COAST TODAY. LET US NOT FORGET U. S. CITIZENS HAVE BEEN RESTRAINED ILLEGALLY BY THE HUNDREDS NOT FAR FROM MIAMI'S SUNLIT BEACHES."

WX008PED

A68WX

(380) AMS BUDGET

ATOMIC WEAPONS

1961

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, MAY 20 (AP)-THE FIRM INTENTION OF THE UNITED STATES TO USE ATOMIC WEAPONS IN LIMITED WAR, IF NECESSARY, IS A MATTER WHICH MAY BECOME INVOLVED IN THE MEETING OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV NEXT MONTH.

THE SUBJECT CAN COME UP, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, IN SEVERAL WAYS, INCLUDING:

1. DISCUSSION OF THE NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN PROPOSALS. THE UNITED STATES HAS A VARIETY OF NUCLEAR FISSION ARMS SCALED TO DIFFERENT USES UNDER BATTLEFIELD CONDITIONS AND PRESUMABLY WOULD LIKE TO INCREASE THEIR RELIABILITY AND ADAPTION TO NEW DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

2. COMMUNIST PROBES INTO FREE WORLD AREAS PRESENT THE QUESTION OF HOW FAR THIS COUNTRY WOULD GO, MILITARILY, IN OPPOSING THEM.

BOTH THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA HAVE TACTICAL SIZE NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

EARLY IN THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION, DEFENSE OFFICIALS EMPHASIZED THAT THE USE OF TACTICAL SIZE NUCLEAR WEAPONS SHOULD NOT BE PRECLUDED IN SITUATIONS SHORT OF GENERAL WAR. SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA MADE A POINT OF THIS IN PRESENTING HIS BUDGET PROPOSALS TO CONGRESS, WHICH INCLUDED PLANS FOR STRENGTHENING THE CAPABILITY OF FIGHTING LIMITED WAR WITH EITHER CONVENTIONAL HIGH EXPLOSIVE WEAPONS OR ATOMIC ARMS.

THIS POSITION HAS BEEN REITERATED REPEATEDLY IN THE LAST FEW DAYS IN SPEECHES BY OTHER PENTAGON OFFICIALS.

THE DOCTRINE IS THAT ORDINARY HIGH EXPLOSIVE WEAPONS -- BOMBS, MISSILES, ROCKETS -- WOULD BE USED UNLESS AND UNTIL THE REQUIREMENT FOR COPING WITH AGGRESSORS, BECAUSE OF TACTICAL SITUATIONS OR THE FACT THAT THE ENEMY BROUGHT A-WEAPONS INTO ACTION, LEFT NO CHOICE.

THE POWER AND TYPES OF TACTICAL WEAPONS NOW IN THE U.S. ARSENAL EXTEND UPWARD FROM THE ARMY'S "DAVY CROCKETT" ROCKET WITH ATOMIC WARHEAD, WHICH HAS A NUCLEAR YIELD EQUIVALENT TO SEVERAL THOUSAND TONS OF CONVENTIONAL EXPLOSIVE.

MEDIUM RANGE MISSILES FOR BATTLEFIELD USE, SUCH AS THE ARMY CORPORAL AND THE NEWER PERSHING, CAN FIRE CHARGES EQUALING OR SURPASSING THE POWER OF THE ORIGINAL HIROSHIMA TYPE ATOMIC BOMB.

BOMBS AND MISSILES DELIVERED BY PLANES OF THE U.S. TACTICAL AIR FORCE, THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS HAVE EXPLOSIVE POWER COVERING A WIDE SPECTRUM.

THE PRIMARY ARGUMENT AGAINST THE POSSIBLE INTRODUCTION OF ATOMIC WEAPONS INTO A LIMITED WAR IS THE DANGER OF RETALIATION THROUGH USE OF MASSIVE, ARE-DESTRUCTION WEAPONS--AND A WORLD WAR. THIS IS RECOGNIZED BUT CONSIDERED A CALCULATED RISK. THERE ARE OPPONENTS OF THE DOCTRINE BOTH IN AND OUTSIDE THE ARMED FORCES.

ONE DANGER TO WHICH OPPONENTS OF THE DOCTRINE POINT IS THAT OF ESCALATION. HARD PRESSED, ONE SIDE IN A LIMITED WAR EXPLODES A SINGLE NUCLEAR WEAPON ON THE BATTLEFIELD, THEN WAITS FOR THE RESULT. THE OTHER SIDE FIRES TWO TO SHOW IT IS STAYING IN THE FIGHT. THE FIRST SIDE FIRES THREE. IT GOES ON UP, MORE EXPLOSIONS, BIGGER EXPLOSIONS, UNTIL THE WAR IS NO LONGER LIMITED.

SOME INSIST THAT THE DEMARCATION BETWEEN THE USE OF CONVENTIONAL AND NUCLEAR WEAPONS SHOULD BE PRECISE, NEVER BLURRED BY A DOCTRINE WHICH PERMITS APPLICATION OF ATOMIC FIRE POWER UNDER SOME CONDITIONS OF LIMITED WAR, BUT NOT UNDER OTHERS.

CZ453PED

FIRST LEAD DECKER, B37

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BERLIN, MAY 20 (AP)-GEN. GEORGE H. DECKER, U. S. ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, REVEALED TODAY QUANTITIES OF THE POWERFUL NEW AMERICAN M60 TANK ARE ON THEIR WAY TO EUROPE.

HE SAID THE TANK WILL REPLACE THE M48 PATTON TANK WHICH THE U.S. ARMY IN EUROPE NOW USES. THE M60 HAS A DIESEL ENGINE, WHICH REDUCES FIRE HAZARDS. IT ALSO HAS THE NEW BRITISH 100 MM GUN AND AN IMPROVED FIRE DIRECTION SYSTEM.

DECKER TOLD NEWSMEN THE NEW TANK WILL BE SENT TO BERLIN. HE SAID HE IS CONVINCED THE M60 IS A BETTER WEAPON THAN THE SOVIET T64 TANK OF THE RUSSIAN AND EAST GERMAN ARMIES SURROUNDING BERLIN.

DECKER SAID THE U. S. NEVER WILL USE ITS AWESOME ARMAMENT TO STRIKE THE FIRST AGGRESSIVE BLOW.

IN AN ARMED FORCES DAY SPEECH IN THIS COMMUNIST-SURROUNDED GERMAN CITY HE SAID: "WE HAVE PLEDGED--IN KEEPING WITH THE TRADITIONS OF PEACEFUL NATIONS--THAT WE WILL NEVER STRIKE THE FIRST BLOW, THAT WE WILL NEVER THREATEN, PROVIDE OR INITIATE AGGRESSION.

"ONLY STRONG NATIONS WITH STRONG ALLIES CAN AFFORD THIS PLEDGE--ONLY NATIONS STRONG ENOUGH TO MAKE THEIR RESPONSE TO AGGRESSION MEASURED, SWIFT AND EFFECTIVE. AS AMERICAN SOLDIERS WE ARE PART OF THE SURETY OF THAT PLEDGE."

DECKER SAID IN HIS ~~PREPARED~~ TALK THAT AMERICA'S AWESOME ARMAMENT HAD BEEN FASHIONED IN ANSWER TO AN AWESOME THREAT, BUT THE NATION WOULD GLADLY DEMOBILIZE TO THE SAME DEGREE THAT THE DANGER CAN BE DISPELLED.

THE U.S. GARRISON OF BERLIN PARADED SOME 3,000 TROOPS AT TEMPLEHOF AIRFIELD, BASE OF THE AIRLIFT THAT SAVED THE CITY FROM STARVATION DURING THE RUSSIAN BLOCKADE 13 YEARS AGO.

30.24-743

U.S. BARRACKS WERE THROWN OPEN TO THE GERMAN PUBLIC FOR DISPLAYS OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES, ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORTS.

JT651AED NM HKP

BOSTON, MAY 20 (AP)-THE GUIDED MISSILE FRIGATE LUCE WAS COMMISSIONED TODAY IN TRADITIONAL CEREMONIES AT THE BOSTON NAVAL SHIPYARD.

THE LUCE IS EQUIPPED WITH THE ADVANCED TERRIER MISSILE TO PROVIDE ANTIAIRCRAFT AND ANTISUBMARINE PROTECTION; IN ADDITION TO MISSILES. HER FIRE POWER INCLUDES SIX ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE TORPEDO TUBES AND TWO LAUNCHES AND ASROC (ANTISUBMARINE ROCKETS). THE 512-FOOT WARSHIP IS THE EIGHTH FRIGATE TO BE ARMED WITH THE ADVANCED TERRIER.

REAR ADM. CHARLES A. BUCHANAN, COMMANDER OF THE NEWPORT, R.I., NAVAL BASE, THE PRINCIPAL SPEAKER, SAID THE LUCE IS NAMED IN HONOR OF ADM. STEPHEN B. LUCE, THE OFFICER WHO "TAUGHT THE NAVY TO THINK."

ADM. LUCE WAS INSTRUMENTAL IN ESTABLISHING THE NAVY TRAINING SYSTEM AND FOUNDED THE NAVAL WAR COLLEGE IN 1884, SERVING AS ITS FIRST PRESIDENT.

REAR ADM. CARL F. ESPE, COMMANDANT OF THE FIRST NAVAL DISTRICT, READ THE ORDER PLACING THE LUCE IN COMMISSION AND THE FRIGATE THEN WAS TURNED OVER TO CMDR. DAVID H. BAGLEY, THE SHIP'S COMMANDING OFFICER.

BAGLEY, SON OF MRS. DAVID W. BAGLEY OF LA JOLLA, CALIF., AND THE LATE ADM. BAGLEY, IS THE HUSBAND OF THE FORMER CHARLOTTE LEE HARTWELL OF SAN MATEO, CALIF. THEY HAVE FIVE CHILDREN.

THE LUCE'S KEEL WAS LAID, OCT. 1, 1957. SHE WAS LAUNCHED, DEC. 11, 1958 AT QUINCY.

WHEN READY FOR SEA, SHE AND HER CREW OF 20 OFFICERS AND 300 MEN WILL REPORT TO THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF, U.S. ATLANTIC FLEET FOR DUTY IN THE DESTROYER FORCE.

WH628PED

NEW YORK, MAY 20 (AP)--TEN THOUSAND MILITARY MEN INCLUDING 2,000 CADETS FROM THE U.S. MILITARY ACADEMY AT WEST POINT MARCHED ON FIFTH AVENUE TODAY IN THE ANNUAL ARMED FORCES DAY PARADE.

A SUNNY SKY ATTRACTED A CROWD OF SPECTATORS ESTIMATED UNOFFICIALLY AT 100,000 ALONG THE LINE OF MARCH FROM 95TH STREET TO 62ND STREET.

AMONG THOSE LEADING THE PARADE WAS GEN. ANTHONY C. MCAULIFFE (RET.) FAMED FOR HIS REPLY OF "NUTS" TO A GERMAN DEMAND FOR THE SURRENDER OF BASTOGNE IN THE WORLD WAR II "BATTLE OF THE BULGE."

MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER, A COLONEL IN THE AIR FORCE RESERVE, WORE HIS AIR FORCE UNIFORM. RIDING WITH THE MAYOR IN AN OPEN AUTOMOBILE WERE VICE ADM. CHARLES WELLBORN JR., EASTERN SEA FRONTIER COMMANDER AND GRAND MARSHAL, AND CMDR. WILLIAM S. S. TUHR (RET.), ARMED FORCES DAY CHAIRMAN.

THE NAVY WAS THE HOST SERVICE FOR THE PARADE--WHICH BORE THE THEME--"POWER FOR PEACE."

SEVERAL MISSILES IN THE PROCESSION DREW MUCH ATTENTION FROM SPECTATORS

THEY INCLUDED THE NIKE-AJAX, MINUTEMAN AND TALOS.

AL THE MILITARY BRANCHES WERE REPRESENTED IN THE PARADE--LONG WITH SOME OF THEIR FEMININE MEMBERS.

THEY WERE "MISS NAVY," ESTHER BOWE, 24, OF BOSTON; "MISS ARMY," BARBARA DUEHRING, 20, OF TORRANCE, CALIF.; "MISS AIR FORCE," PRISCILLA CAKA, 19, OF FLEMINGTON, N.J.; "MISS MARINE CORPS," BEATRICE D'AGOSTINO, 23, OF TOMPKINSVILLE, STATEN ISLAND, AND "MISS COAST GUARD," MARY ANN MURASKI, 22, OF COHOES, N.Y.

ALSO REPRESENTED WERE VETERANS' GROUPS, INCLUDING THE AMERICAN LEGION AND THE VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS.

FS505PED

A133WX

(240) SPIES

WASHINGTON, MAY 20 (AP)-THE COMMUNIST BLOC NATIONS HAVE AN ARMY OF SPIES 300,000 STRONG, FERRETING OUT THE SECRETS OF THE REST OF THE WORLD, SAYS FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER.

"WHILE THE COMMUNIST SPEAK OF PEACE, THEIR INTELLIGENCE SETUP IS THE MOST EXTENSIVE IN WORLD HISTORY," HOOVER TOLD A HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE IN TESTIMONY RELEASED TODAY.

MANY OF THE SPIES IN THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, ARE ATTACHED TO EMBASSIES OR OTHER OFFICIAL ESTABLISHMENTS OF THEIR COUNTRIES. THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE ASSIGNED TO SUCH ESTABLISHMENTS RISES EACH YEAR, HE SAID.

IN MANY CASES, HOOVER SAID, THE SPIES' JOB IS MADE EASIER FOR THEM BY THE WIDE-OPEN INFORMATION SETUP IN THE UNITED STATES.

"ONE DEFECTOR HAS STATED THAT THE CASE WITH WHICH DATA IS OBTAINED IN THE UNITED STATES HAS ELIMINATED MUCH OF THE HAZARDOUS AND TIME CONSUMING CLANDESTINE OPERATIONS WHICH OTHERWISE WOULD BE NECESSARY, HE SAID.

"ANOTHER HAS ESTIMATED THAT THE SOVIET MILITARY ATTACHE'S OFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES IS ABLE TO OBTAIN LEGALLY 95 PER CENT OF THE MATERIAL USEFUL FOR ITS INTELLIGENCE OBJECTIVES."

HOOVER SAID THERE SEEMS TO BE NO LIMIT TO THE THINGS COMMUNIST SPIES ARE INTERESTED IN. "THEIR QUEST FOR INFORMATION HAS RANGED FROM THE SEEMINGLY RIDICULOUS TO SUCH OBJECTIVES AS CLEARLY REVEAL THEIR INTENT OF WORLD CONQUEST," HE SAID.

BESIDES WORKING THROUGH THEIR DIPLOMATIC AGENCIES AND OFFICIAL TRADE ORGANIZATIONS THE SPIES ARE ALSO ACTIVE IN INDUSTRIAL CONVENTIONS AND EXHIBITIONS, HOOVER SAID.

BETWEEN JANUARY 1959 AND FEBRUARY 1961 SOVIET OFFICIALS ATTENDED 141 TECHNICAL, SCIENTIFIC OR GENERAL BUSINESS CONVENTIONS COVERING SUCH FIELDS AS AERONAUTICS, ELECTRONICS, ROCKETRY AND PLASTICS DEVELOPMENT.

RZ852PED

A120 200

LONDON, MAY 20 (AP)-A LONDON NEWSPAPER PUT THROUGH A CALL TO KALININGRAD 6527 LAST NIGHT AND TOLD A SOVIET HOUSEWIFE HER HUSBAND HAS DEFECTED TO BRITAIN. HER REACTION, SAID THE DAILY MIRROR, WAS TO DENOUNCE HIM AS A TRAITOR.

THE HUSBAND IS VICTOR STIZHKO, 37-YEAR-OLD SKIPPER OF THE SOVIET PASSENGER VESSEL ZARINZA. HE FLED FROM HIS SHIP AT GIBRALTAR 17 DAYS AGO SAYING HE FEARED HE WAS ABOUT TO BE CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES. YESTERDAY THE HOME OFFICE IN LONDON SAID STIZHKO HAS BEEN GRANTED POLITICAL ASYLUM IN BRITAIN.

THE DAILY MIRROR REPORTED THAT WHEN IT GO THROUGH TO HIS WIFE IN KALININGRAD SHE KNEW NOTHING ABOUT HER HUSBAND'S ACTION AND REFUSED AT FIRST TO BELIEVE IT. SHE SAID SHE HAD BEEN MARRIED TO STIZHKO FOR 12 YEARS AND THEY HAVE A SON AGED 5.

THE MIRROR ASKED HER: "DO YOU KNOW OF ANY REASON WHY HE SHOULD SEEK POLITICAL ASYLUM?"

MRS. STIZHKO: "NO. WHY SHOULD HE?"

MIRROR: "HE SAYS HE WAS AFRAID HE WAS ABOUT TO BE ACCUSED OF BEING A CRIMINAL."

MRS. STIZHKO: "A CRIMINAL! WILL YOU BE SEEING HIM? I WANT YOU TO TELL HIM SOMETHING. IF HE HAS SOUGHT POLITICAL ASYLUM HE IS A TRAITOR. IT IS HIS DUTY TO THE STATE, TO THE HOMELAND, TO RETURN. IF THIS IS TRUE I WILL HAVE NOTHING FURTHER TO DO WITH HIM."

THE MIRROR DID NOT DISCLOSE HOW IT CAME TO LEARN MRS. STIZHKO'S TELEPHONE NUMBER IN THE BALTIC PORT--BUT INFORMED ITS READERS THE NINE-MINUTE CALL COST 3 POUNDS 10 SHILLS ($9.80).

HW1044AED

B77 (Q)

(250) BARRON-BIRCH

WASHINGTON, MAY 20 (AP)-A VIRGINIAN ANNOUNCED TODAY HE HAS RESIGNED AS AN OFFICIAL OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY BECAUSE "DICTATORIAL AND REPRESSIVE TRENDS HAVE DEVELOPED" RECENTLY IN THE MILITANTLY CONSERVATIVE GROUP.

BRYTON BARRON OF NEARBY SPRINGFIELD, VA., A FORMER STATE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYE, SAID IN A STATEMENT HE HAD SERVED AS COORDINATOR FOR VIRGINIA AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SINCE LAST AUTUMN, BUT, HE SAID, HE IS QUITTING "TO SOUND A WARNING AGAINST A NEW TREND IN THE SOCIETY'S OPERATIONS."

BARRON ADDED HIS RESIGNATION HAS BEEN ACCEPTED BY ROBERT WELCH, RETIRED BELMONT, MASS., CANDY MANUFACTURER WHO IS FOUNDER AND HEAD OF THE SOCIETY.

BARRON, IN HIS STATEMENT AND HIS WIRE TO WELCH, PROTESTED SPECIFICALLY AGAINST ACTIONS BY THE SOCIETY'S MAJOR COORDINATOR AND ITS DIRECTOR OF FIELD ACTIVITIES. BARRON DECLINED TO NAME EITHER INDIVIDUAL.

IN HIS TELEGRAM, BARRON SAID THE MAJOR COORDINATOR HAD WRITTEN HIM THAT I MUST NOT WRITE TO THE HOME OFFICE TO QUESTION CERTAIN NEW TRENDS WITHIN SOCIETY. THE BRASH YOUNG MAN EVEN PROCEEDS TO TELL ME THAT I MAY NOT DISCUSS IN PRIVACY OF MY OWN HOME.

"HIS DOCTRINE THAT ONE MUST ALWAYS SAY 'YES' TO THE BOSS HAS BEEN TRIED IN OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES WITH UNFORTUNATE RESULTS. I WANT NO PART OF IT."

BARRON SAID ALSO THAT THE SOCIETY'S DIRECTOR OF FIELD ACTIVITIES SOUGHT TO PREVENT STAFF MEMBERS FROM MAKING ANY SORT OF PUBLIC STATEMENTS ABOUT THE SOCIETY AND "DID LAST MONTH GO TO EXTREME LENGTHS IN ATTEMPTING TO PREVENT THE 'OPEN END' TV DEBATE ON THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY FROM BEING STAGED."

REACHED AT HIS HOME, BARRON EXPLAINED THAT HIS RESIGNATION APPLIED ONLY TO HIS JOB AND WAS NOT A WITHDRAWAL FROM THE SOCIETY. HE ADDED "I HAVEN'T FACED THAT QUESTION YET"--AND NOTED "I MIGHT BE DROPPED."

BARRON SAID HE RECEIVED EXPENSE MONEY BUT NO REGULAR SALARY FROM THE SOCIETY "AND IT CAME OUT ABOUT EVEN AT THE END OF THE MONTH."

AS739PED

TOKYO, MAY 20 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS ASKED JAPAN TO PAY $554 MILLION IN SETTLEMENT OF POSTWAR RECOVERY AID. TOKYO REPORTEDLY HAS OFFERED ONLY 430 MILLION.

U.S. AMBASSADOR EDWIN O.REISCHAUER DELIVERED A NOTE TO THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT ON THE DEBT ISSUE YESTERDAY.

INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE NOTE CONTAINED THE $554 MILLION FIGUREN BUT OFFICIAL COMMENT WAS UNAVAILABLE.

IN THE FIRST TALKS ON THE DEBT QUESTION HELD IN WASHINGTON IN 1954,

BERLIN, MAY 20 (AP)-A FORMER S.S. TOP SER"EANT, WILHELM SCHAEFER, 49, WAS TODAY SENTENCED TO DEATH BY AN EAST BERLIN COURT FOR CONCENTRATION CAMP KILLIN"S. HE WAS CONVICTED OF KILLIN" OVER 100 SOVIET WAR PRISONERS IN BUCHENWALD CONCENTRATION CAMP, THE OFFICIAL EAST "ERMAN NEWS A"ENCY ADN REPORTED.

UNLIKE WEST "ERMANY, THE COMMUNIST RE"IME OF EAST "ERMANY STILL RETAINS CAPITAL PUNISHMENT FOR WAR CRIMES AND CRIMES AGAINST THE STATE. EXECUTION IS BY GUILOTINE.

THE U.S. WAS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE PROPOSED $640 MILLION.

TOTAL AID, WHICH JAPAN RECEIVED UNDER U.S. POSTWAR RECOVERY AND RELIEF PROGRAMS, IS ESTIMATED AT AROUND $1.8 BILLION.

JAPANESE OFFICIALS SAY THEY WANT A SETTLEMENT BEFORE PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA VISITS WASHINGTON NEXT MONTH.

THE OPPOSITION SOCIALISTS ARE AGAINST THE IDEA, CONTENDING JAPAN NEVER SPECIFICALLY ASKED FOR THE AID AND HENCE HAS NO OBLIGATION TO REPAY.

RA1039AED

30.24-745